

Lesson 6.2 Day 1- Transforming Probability Distributions

<p>Important ideas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adding the same constant, c, to each value ... Shape: stays the same Center: add c Variability: stays the same 	<p>Multiplying the same constant, c, to each value ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shape: stays the same Center: multiply by c Variability: multiply by c $SD = \sigma \rightarrow c\sigma$ Variance = $(c\sigma)^2 = c^2\sigma^2$
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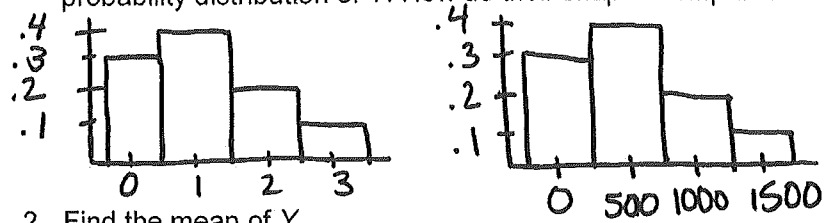
Check Your Understanding (Homework #2)

A large auto dealership keeps track of sales made during each hour of the day. Let X = the number of cars sold during the first hour of business on a randomly selected Friday. Based on previous records, the probability distribution of X is as follows:

Cars sold	0	1	2	3
Probability	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1

The random variable X has mean $\mu_x = 1.1$ and standard deviation $\sigma_x = 0.943$. Suppose the dealership's manager receives a \$500 bonus from the company for each car sold. Let Y = the bonus received from car sales during the first hour on a randomly selected Friday.

- Sketch a graph of the probability distribution of X and a separate graph of the probability distribution of Y . How do their shapes compare?



- Find the mean of Y .
 $\$550 = 1.1 \times 500$
- Calculate and interpret the standard deviation of Y .
 $\$471.70$, The bonuses typically vary by $\$471.70$ from the mean of $\$550$.
- The manager spends \$75 to provide coffee and doughnuts to prospective customers each morning. So the manager's net profit T during the first hour on a randomly selected Friday is \$75 less than the bonus earned. Describe the shape, center, and variability of the probability distribution of T .
 Shape will remain the same (skewed right).
 Mean will be subtracted by 75. $M = 550 - 75 = \$475$
 SD does not change. $\sigma = 471.70$

Lesson 6.2 Day 2- Combining Probability Distributions

<p>Important ideas: Adding and subtracting Random Variables X & Y:</p> $\mu_{X+Y} = \mu_X + \mu_Y \quad \mu_{X-Y} = \mu_X - \mu_Y$ $\sigma_{X+Y} = \sqrt{\sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2} \quad \sigma_{X-Y} = \sqrt{\sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2}$	<p>LT#2: Normal Prob. Dist. Find new mean and standard deviation!</p>
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Check Your Understanding

(Homework #2)
Part 2

A large auto dealership keeps track of sales and lease agreements made during each hour of the day. Let X = the number of cars sold and Y = the number of cars leased during the first hour of business on a randomly selected Friday. Based on previous records, the probability distributions of X and Y are as follows:

Cars sold x_i	0	1	2	3
Probability p_i	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1

Mean: $\mu_X = 1.1$ Standard deviation: $\sigma_X = 0.943 \times 500 = 471.50$

Cars leased y_i	0	1	2
Probability p_i	0.4	0.5	0.1

Mean: $\mu_Y = 0.7$ Standard deviation: $\sigma_Y = 0.64 \times 300 = 192$

Define $T = X + Y$. Assume that X and Y are independent.

1. Find and interpret μ_T .

$\mu_T = 1.8$ Over many many Fridays, the dealer expects to sell, on average, about 1.8 cars & lease.

2. Calculate and interpret σ_T .

$$\sigma_T = \sqrt{.943^2 + .64^2} = \sqrt{1.2988} = 1.14$$

3. The dealership's manager receives a \$500 bonus for each car sold and a \$300 bonus for each car leased. Find the mean and standard deviation of the manager's total bonus

B.

$$\begin{aligned} MB &= 500(1.1) + 300(.7) \\ &= 550 + \\ &= 760 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_B &= \sqrt{(500 \times .943)^2 + (300 \times .64)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{259176.25} \\ &= \$509.09 \end{aligned}$$